



**ITI**

INSTITUTO TECNOLÓGICO  
DE INFORMÁTICA

# Software Engineering for Cyber-Physical Systems

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CHALLENGES AND OPPORTUNITIES

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# Outline

Cyber-Physical Systems: An introduction

NESSI and CPS

CPS: Software engineering challenges

CPS: Opportunities for collaboration

# Cyber-Physical Systems

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CPS: **Open ICT** systems **embedded** in physical objects, which are **interconnected**

- Embedded systems: monitoring and control of physical entities
- Software-intensive systems: computing capabilities, providing Smart services and behaviour
- Interconnected systems: network of interacting entities (virtual & physical)
- Open systems: availability of services, sensors, other systems, QoS, etc., is not known until runtime

The next revolution in ICT:

- Evolution of Embedded Systems: from closed systems to open systems; users are strongly involved
- Evolution of Internet of Things: from interconnecting things to the provision of Smart services by things
- CPS are highly distributed and large-scale: new challenges arise

Application domains:

- Smart cities (urban facilities, traffic management, ...)
- Smart factories (manufacturing management, control/process management, logistics, ...),
- Smart infrastructures (water management, energy management, ...)

# NESSI and CPS

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Design & Development of CPS poses several challenges

- Challenges on electronics, embedded systems, system engineering are in the area of interest of ARTEMIS/ECSEL
- Challenges on software engineering related to higher layers of CPS are in the area of interest of NESSI

***The role of software engineering is central*** for successful realization of the CPS vision

- CPS software development focuses on open world assumptions: uncertainty and variability

NESSI plays a relevant role on:

- Identifying the ***challenges*** that CPS poses ***on software engineering***
- Contributing to ***advance the state of the art of CPS software*** layers, applications and services

NESSI is currently preparing a White Paper related to its position on CPS

# CPS: Software Engineering challenges

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## Challenge CPS-1: Handling quality and performance *requirements in large-scale open environments*

- Non-functional requirements (quality, performance, safety, security, ...) need to be reconsidered for dealing with open and dynamic executing environments
- Need of novel methodologies, techniques, and tools to address strict non-functional requirements in presence of open and statically unknown scenarios
- Need of novel testing and formal verification methods to deal with variability and uncertainty

## Challenge CPS-2: Principles, methods and tools *supporting the software life-cycle of CPS*

- CPS solution development requires developers to deal with context monitoring, integration and adaptation
- Software & Service engineering need to be more integrated with systems engineering disciplines
- How to reduce development costs and time-to-market for CPS?
- How to leverage continuous integration, testing and certification?
- How to provide lifecycle support for large number of decentralised system instances?

# CPS: Software Engineering challenges

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## Challenge CPS-3: Integration of CPS with **Cloud and Big Data** solutions

- CPS solutions involving wide-scale deployment, rely on cloud (server-side) processing/storage resources
- How to integrate CPS with Cloud and Big Data infrastructures?
- How to transfer data processing to data sources to manage the flow of information?
- How to model actuators and sensors profiles to reduce the continuous interaction between CPS and cloud resources?

## Challenge CPS-4: Considering **human-in-the-loop aspects** and adaptation in CPS

- Solutions are required to provide human operators with dedicated adaptation mechanisms to support the adaptation of CPS to unforeseen situations
- Integration of user operation for continuous observation-analysis-adaptation loops

# CPS: Software Engineering challenges

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## Challenge CPS-5: Middleware and platforms for *dynamic choreography and adaptation* of CPS

- Design-time vs run-time, autonomy, adaptability, and self-notions need to be reconsidered
- How to deliver cross-layer visibility among application requirements and low-layer context information?
- How to support the choreography of autonomous subsystems and handle them in dynamic environments?
- How to balance the capabilities provided by development platforms towards resource efficiency? Via optimisation or pruning of unused code/components?

## Challenge CPS-6: Novel, powerful *programming abstractions* for implementing CPS

- What are the right abstractions/models easy to understand and use but also expressive enough to be mapped to executable code?
- How to use those abstractions to address unexpected conditions and sensing/actuation component faults and to define safe operational areas?
- How to use those abstractions to support deployment on diverse devices and hardware configurations?

# CPS: Opportunities for collaboration

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CPS are included in the Digital Agenda for Europe: <https://ec.europa.eu/digital-agenda/en/science-and-technology/components-systems>)

- Smart everywhere, Embedded Systems, Monitoring and Control, and System-of-Systems

ECSEL (Electronic Components and Systems for European Leadership) Joint Undertaking  
<http://www.ecsel.eu>

- Main european funding source program related to CPS development 2014-2024
- Integrates ENIAC JU (nanoelectronics) and ARTEMIS JU (embedded systems)
- Mainly focused on Embedded Systems and Electronics

H2020: CPS topics are distributed among different calls

- ICT-2015-04: Customized and Low Power Computing
- FOF-2015: CPS Solutions can be applied to different manufacturing contexts (e.g. FoF-08)
- 2015-2016 WP?



# Resources

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NESSI White Paper: Software Engineering – Key Enabler for Innovation, July 2014  
[http://www.nessi-europe.eu/Files/Private/NESSI\\_SE\\_WhitePaper-FINAL.pdf](http://www.nessi-europe.eu/Files/Private/NESSI_SE_WhitePaper-FINAL.pdf)

European Commission, Digital Agenda for Europe: <https://ec.europa.eu/digital-agenda/en/cyber-physical-systems>

Ercim News: Special issue on Cyber-Physical Systems (April 2014) <http://ercim-news.ercim.eu/en97>

Hellinger, A.: Cyber-Physical Systems: Driving force for innovation in mobility, health, energy and production” - acatech POSITION PAPER, 2011

# Thank you very much for your attention

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